Total No. of Printed Pages—3

6 SEM TDC BOTH (CBCS) C 13

2024

(May)

BOTANY

(Core)

Paper: C-13

(Plant Metabolism)

Full Marks: 53 Pass Marks: 21

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(a) Choose the correct answer:

1×3=3

- (i) In chloroplast, light reaction occurs in stroma / inner membrane / cristae / thylakoid disc.
- (ii) The number of ATPs produced by NADH + H + from glycolysis through malate-aspartate shuttle in electron transport system is two / three / four / five.
- (iii) Receptors are primary effectors / secondary messengers / ligands / signal transducers.

24P/886

(Turn Over)

Fill in the blanks:

 $1 \times 2 = 2$

- (i) In chlorophyll b, instead of a methyl group, an ___ group is present.
- (ii) Triglycerides are hydrolyzed by lipases into fatty acids and _____.
- 2. Write short notes on any three of the $4 \times 3 = 12$
 - Allosteric modulation
 - CAM cycle
 - Boyer's conformational model
 - Transamination
 - MAP kinase cascade
- 3. Write explanatory notes on any two of the $6 \times 2 = 12$
 - Glycolysis
 - Synthesis and degradation of sucrose
 - Gluconeogenesis (c)
 - Mitochondrial electron transport system (d)
 - Q cycle - (e)

4. What is dark reaction in photosynthesis? Describe the mechanism of dark reaction 2+10=12 in C₃ plants.

Or

Differentiate between anabolism catabolism. Explain the pathways of anabolism and catabolism. How can the pathways be regulated? 2+8+2=12

schematically 5. Describe the pentose phosphate pathway of glucose oxidation. What is its significance? 9+3=12

Or

Define nitrogen fixation. Describe the biological methods of nitrogen fixation. 2+10=12
