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6 SEM TDC CHMH (CBCS) C 14

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(May/June)

CHEMISTRY

(Core)

Paper : C-14

(Organic Chemistry)

Full Marks : 53

Pass Marks : 21

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions

1. Choose the correct answer from the following : $1 \times 5 = 5$

(a) The absence of absorption bands near 1600 cm^{-1} , 1580 cm^{-1} and 1500 cm^{-1} is a proof for the absence of

(i) carbonyl group

(ii) aromatic ring

(iii) —OH group

(iv) secondary amino group

(Turn Over)

(2)

(b) Which of the following is an auxochrome?

- (i) $-\text{N}=\text{O}$
- (ii) $-\text{NO}_2$
- (iii) $-\text{N}=\text{N}-$
- (iv) $-\text{OH}$

(c) The NMR spectrum of an unknown compound exhibits signals δ 7.5-8.0, (m , 5H) and 10.0 (s, 1H). Which of the structures represents these data?

- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (iv)

(d) Invert sugar is

- (i) sucrose
- (ii) mannose
- (iii) a mixture of glucose and fructose
- (iv) None of the above

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(Continued)

(3)

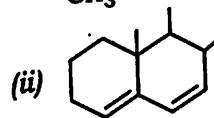
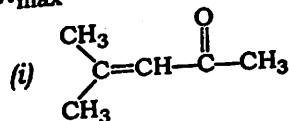
(e) Which one of the following is a natural polymer?

- (i) Celluloid
- (ii) Viscose rayon
- (iii) Terylene
- (iv) Cellulose

UNIT—I

2. Answer the following questions :

(a) Using Woodward-Fieser rule, calculate λ_{max} for the following : $1 \times 2 = 2$



(b) Explain how cis-cinnamic acid and trans-cinnamic acid can be distinguished with the help of UV spectroscopy. 2

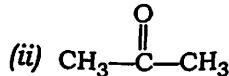
(c) Aniline absorbs at 280 nm, $\epsilon_{\text{max}} 8600$, however in acidic solution the main absorption band is seen at 203 nm. Explain.

(Turn Over)

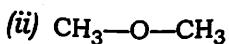
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(4)

- (d) Distinguish the following pair of isomers with the help of IR spectra : 2



Or



- (e) A compound with molecular formula $\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{O}$ gives the following signals in NMR spectrum :

- (i) Multiplet $J 2.72$ ($5H$)
- (ii) Doublet $J 7.2$ ($2H$)
- (iii) Triplet $J 0.22$ ($1H$)

Identify the structure of the compound.
Or

Predict the structure of an organic compound with molecular mass 88, whose NMR data are given below :

- (i) A triplet, $\delta 1.2$, $2H$
- (ii) A singlet, $\delta 1.97$, $3H$
- (iii) A quartet, $\delta 4.06$, $2H$

- (f) Define M^+ and M^{++} ions. What do you mean by base peak in the mass spectrum of a compound? 1+1=2
Or

Write a short note on McLafferty rearrangement. 2

(5)

- (g) An organic compound with molecular mass 72 absorbs at 274 nm , $\epsilon_{\text{max}} 17$. In IR region, a strong absorption band is found at 1715 cm^{-1} and medium absorption bands are found at $2941-2857 \text{ cm}^{-1}(m)$ and at $1460 \text{ cm}^{-1}(m)$. The signals in the NMR spectrum are—

- (i) $7.52 J$, quartet;
- (ii) $7.88 J$, singlet;
- (iii) $8.93 J$, triplet.

Establish the structure of the compound. 4

- (h) Explain shielding of acetylene protons and deshielding of ethylenic protons. 2+2=4

Or

Write in short about chemical shift. 4

UNIT-II

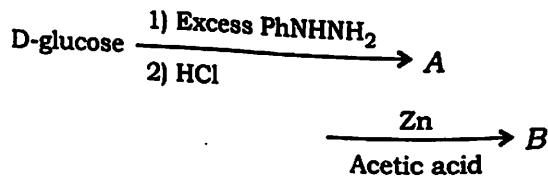
3. Answer the following questions :

- (a) Define epimerization. 1

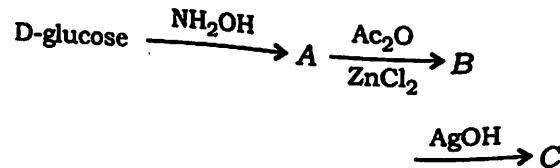
- (b) Sketch the stable conformational structure of the α -D-glucopyranose. 1

(6)

- (c) Identify A and B from the following : 2



- (d) Complete the following reactions and identify A, B and C : 2



- (e) Convert D-arabinose into D-glucose with the help of Kiliani-Fischer synthesis. 2

- (f) Write a short note about mutarotation. 2

Or

When D-glucose is treated with dilute aqueous alkali, a mixture of D-mannose, D-fructose and D-glucose is obtained. Explain the mechanism of the reaction. What is the name of the reaction?

(7)

UNIT—III

4. Answer the following questions :

- (a) Write the structural formulas of the following dyes and mark the chromophore and auxochrome in each case : 2

- (i) Congo red
(ii) Rosaniline

- (b) How can alizarin be synthesized from anthracene? 2

Or

Write down the preparation of Congo red.

- (c) Synthesize crystal violet from dimethyl aniline. 2

- (d) How will you synthesize malachite green? 2

Or

Account the colour changes occurring when phenolphthalein is used as indicator in acid-base titration.

(8)

UNIT—IV

5. Answer the following questions :

- (a) What are polyurethanes? How are they formed? $1+1=2$
- (b) How can phenol-formaldehyde resin be prepared? Explain. 2
- (c) What is biodegradable polymer? Give one example of it. $1+1=2$
- (d) Explain vulcanization of natural rubber. 2
- (e) How can Terylene be synthesized? 1

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