

**1 SEM TDC SNS M 1**

**2021**

( March )

**SANSKRIT**

( Major )

Course : 101

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions*

**UNIT—I**

**( Paribhāṣā )**

1. (a) Define and illustrate any two of the following : 3×2=6

वृद्धि; उपधा; पद; धातु; सम्प्रसारण; प्रयत्न ।

- (b) Fill in the blanks : 1×2=2

(i) अर्थवदधातुरप्रत्ययः \_\_\_\_\_ ।

(ii) \_\_\_\_\_ गुणः ।

- (c) Find out the प्रातिपदिकs in the following (any four) : 1×4=4

शिशुः ; बालिका ; नदी ; सागरात् ; साधू ; सुन्दरम् ;  
धवल ; वायु।

- (d) Find out the roots (धातु) of the following verbs (क्रियापद) (any four) : 1×4=4

पश्यति ; पठन्ति ; आसीत् ; भविष्यति ; अकरोत् ;  
गायति ; खादामि।

- (e) Pick out the individual letters contained in the following words (any two) : 2×2=4

गुणिन् ; नराय ; फलम् ; रामेण ; बालकेभ्यः ;  
लताः ; बिहगैः।

## UNIT—II

### ( Śrī Śaṅkaradevacaritam )

2. Translate into Assamese or English any one of the following verses :

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- (a) कमता नामके राज्ये विश्वसिंहस्य भूपतेः।

गोविन्दगिरिनाम्नासीद् वाण्डुकायां तु काकतिः॥

- (b) गृहे स्वर्गोपमे तत्र घागरस्य महात्मनः।

उर्वशी भगिनी जाता माधवस्य सुशोभना॥

- (c) द्वयोर्दर्शनयोस्तावद् भृशं वादो बभूव ह।

प्रवृत्तेश्च निवृत्तेश्च मार्गयोः शाक्तभक्तयोः॥

3. Give very short answers of the following questions :

(a) How many Chapters are there in the *Śaṅkaradevacaritam*? Who are referred to as मणि and काञ्चन in its Fifth Chapter called 'मणिकाञ्चनमिलनम्'? 1+1=2

(b) Who was Manoramā? 1

(c) What was the name of the Ujīra of the king of Kamatāpur? 1

4. "प्रातर्मया धनं दत्तं नानीतौ छागलौ कथम्"

Who was the speaker here? To whom was it said?

Narrate the incident related to it. 7

Or

Write in your own words the story of 'मणिकाञ्चनमिलनम्' as narrated in the *Śaṅkaradevacaritam*.

UNIT—III

( Hitopadeśa )

5. Give very short answers of the following : 1×3=3

(a) Who is the author of *Hitopadeśa*? 1

(b) Who was Hiranyaka? 1

(c) What was the name of the leader of the pigeons (कपोत) in the first story of 'मित्रलाभ'?

6. What are the eightfold ways of doing righteous duties (धर्म) according to *Smṛtiśāstras*? 4
7. Explain with reference to the context any one of the following : 5
- (a) अयं निजः परो वेति गणना लघुचेतसाम्।  
उदारचरितानां तु वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम्॥
- (b) मातृवत् परदारेषु परद्रव्येषु लोष्ट्रवत्।  
आत्मवत् सर्वभूतेषु यः पश्यति स पण्डितः॥
8. “अतोऽहं ब्रवीमि—भक्ष्यभक्षकयोः प्रीति इत्यादि”

Rewrite the story related to the above sentence with special reference to its moral. 8

Or

यस्य मित्रेण संभाषो यस्य मित्रेण संस्थितिः।

यस्य मित्रेण संलापस्ततो नास्तीह पुण्यवान्॥

Who said the above Śloka? To whom was it said?  
Write the incident related to the Śloka.

( UNIT—IV )

( History of Classical Sanskrit Literature )

9. (a) Who was Ādikavi? 1
- (b) ‘शतसाहस्रीसंहिता’ is another name of the *Rāmāyaṇa* / *Mahābhārata*.

( Choose the correct answer ) 1

(c) Name any two Parvas of the *Mahābhārata*. 2

(d) Write the names of two Sanskrit Nāṭakas and two Kāvya based on the *Rāmāyaṇa*. 2+2=4

10. मा निषाद प्रतिष्ठां त्वमगमः शाश्वतीः समाः।  
यत् क्रौञ्चमिथुनादेकमवधीः काममोहितम् ॥

Who uttered the above Śloka? Write the incident related to the above mentioned Śloka. 1+6=7

11. महत्वात् भारवत्वाद् महाभारतमुच्यते

Explain the significance of the above mentioned statement. 10

Or

Write a note on the प्रक्षिप्त काण्डs of the *Rāmāyaṇa*.

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