

1 SEM TDC PHI M 1

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(March)

PHILOSOPHY

(Major)

Course : 101

(Indian Philosophy—I)

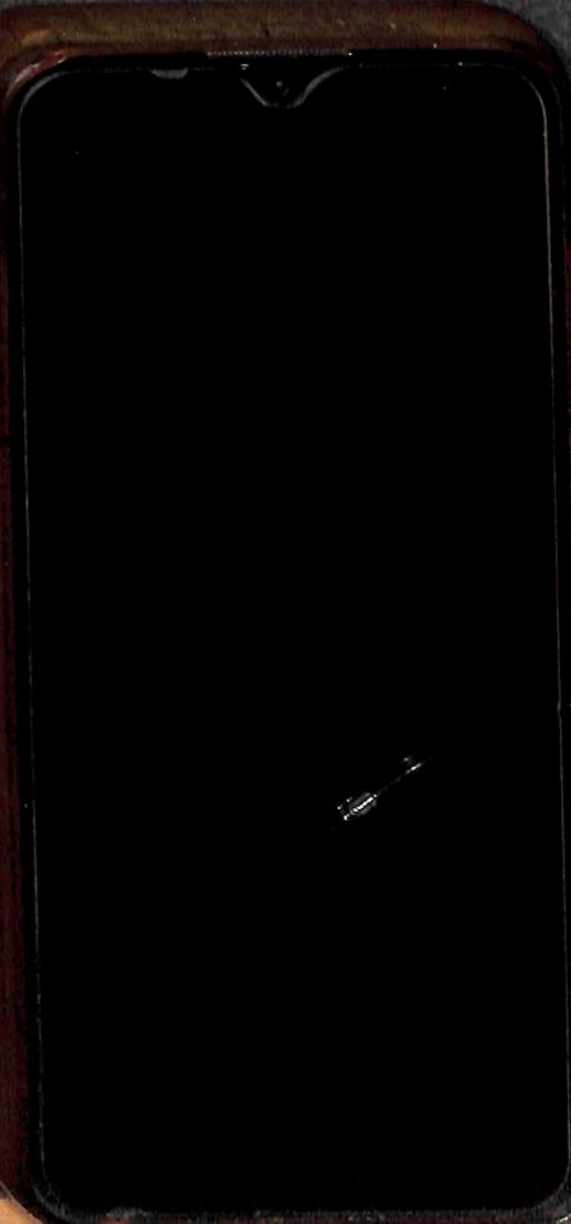
Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Find out the correct answers : 1×8=8
- (a) Indian philosophy has synthetic/analytic outlook.
- (b) Pessimism in Indian Philosophy is initial/final.
- (c) According to Cārvāka/Jainism matter is the only reality.



- (d) According to Jaina Kāla (time) is Astikāya/Nāstikāya.
- (e) The Mādhyamika belongs to Hīnayāna/Mahāyāna school.
- (f) According to Buddha, Birth/Ignorance is the root cause of sufferings.
- (g) Pakṣadharmatā is the logical/psychological ground of Anumāna.
- (h) There are seven/nine kinds of substance according to Vaiśeṣika philosophy.

2. Write short notes on any *four* of the following :

4×4=16

- (a) Vedic concept of Ṛṇa (Obligation)
- (b) Ajīva
- (c) Anityavāda of Buddhism
- (d) Parārthānumāna
- (e) Sāmānya (Universal) as a category of Vaiśeṣika philosophy

3. What are the Āstika and Nāstika systems of Indian Philosophy? Discuss the chief characteristics of Indian Philosophy. 2+10=12

Or

Discuss Upaniṣadic concept of Brahman. 12

4. Critically explain Cārvāka's rejection of Anumāna and Śabda as Pramāṇas. 11

Or

Discuss the theory of Syādvāda of Jaina Philosophy.

5. Explain the four noble truths of Buddhism. 11

Or

Who is the founder of Śūnyavāda? Explain the theory with reference to the term 'Śūnya'. 1+10=11

6. What is Anumāna according to Nyāya? Explain different kinds of Anumāna according to Gautama. 2+9=11

Or

What is Pratyakṣa according to Nyāya? Discuss briefly Alaukika Pratyakṣa (extra-ordinary perception) of Nyāya. 2+9=11

7. Critically explain Abhāva as a category. 11

Or

Explain atomism of Vaiśeṣika Philosophy.
