

2021

(March)

HISTORY

(Major)

Course : 501

[History of India (1750–1947)]

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32/24

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. (a) Answer the following as directed in
one word or in one sentence : 1×8=8
- (i) Who was the successor of Alivardi
Khan as the Nawab of Bengal?
- (ii) The Dual Government in Bengal
persisted from
1. 1765 AD to 1772 AD
 2. 1764 AD to 1772 AD
 3. 1757 AD to 1758 AD

(Choose the correct option)

- (iii) Mention the popular name of the Act of East India Company which was passed in 1784 AD.
- (iv) Name the leader of Orientalist School on the issue of implementation of the English language in India.
- (v) Name the leader who had represented Oudh in the Revolt of 1857.
- (vi) Who wrote the book, *Poverty and un-British Rule in India*?
- (vii) Who was the President of the Lucknow Session Congress in 1916?
- (viii) Mention any one member from India of the 'League Against Imperialism'.
- (b) Write short notes on any three of the following :
- 4×3=12
- (i) Rohilla War
- (ii) The Ryotwari Settlement
- (iii) Haidar Ali

- (iv) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
- (v) The Genesis of the Partition of Bengal
- (vi) Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose's contribution towards India's struggle for Independence

2. Examine the importance of the defeat of Siraj-ud-Daula in the Battle of Plassey in 1757. How did it lead to the eventual foundation of East India Company's rule in India? 8+4=12

Or

Write a brief note on the rise of regional powers of Bengal, Oudh and Hyderabad in the post-Mughal period. 6+3+3=12

3. Describe briefly on the British relations with the Marathas from 1775 AD to 1802 AD. 12

Or

Write briefly on the socio-religious reform movement (any three) of India that took place in the post-Sepoy Mutiny era. 4+4+4=12

4. Give a brief account of the reforms initiated by Lord Dalhousie in the field of Railway, Public Works Department and Education.

4+4+4=12

5. Write briefly on the causes of Revolt of 1857. 12

Or

Critically assess the role of Moderate Congressmen from 1885 AD to 1905 AD with special reference to economic agenda. 9+3=12

6. What role did the British play in the growth of Muslim Communalism in India from 1905 to 1935?

12

Or

Point out the reasons which led M. K. Gandhi to start the Civil Disobedience Movement. How did the women participate in the movement?

8+4=12
