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# 5 SEM TDC ECOH (CBCS) C 12

### 2021

( Held in January/February, 2022 )

## **ECONOMICS**

(Core)

Paper: C-12

( Development Economics—I )

Full Marks: 80
Pass Marks: 32

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

- 1. Answer the following as directed: 1×8=8
  - (a) Which of the following is a component of PQL1?
    - (i) Life expectancy at age one
    - (ii) Infant mortality rate
    - (iii) Adult literacy rate
    - (iv) All of the above

(Choose the correct one)

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(Turn Over)

- In the Harrod-Domar model, (b) assumed that the elasticity of substitution between capital and labour is (i) infinite

  - (ii) zero (iii) between zero and one
  - (iv) one (Choose the correct one)
- Mention the indicators of HDI (as per (c) the Human Development Report, 2010).
- (d) Mention one measure of absolute poverty.
- The doctrine of unbalanced growth was (e) propounded by
  - (i) Hirschman and Robert Solow
  - (ii) Robert Solow and Singer
  - (iii) Singer and Ragnar Nurkse
  - (iv) Hirschman and Singer
    - (Choose the correct one)
- (f) "A country is poor because it is poor." This was stated by (i) Rostow

  - (ii) W. A. Lewis
  - (iii) R. Nurkse
  - (iv) Hirschman

(Choose the correct one)

- Regional inequalities rise due to (g)
  - (i) strong backward effects
  - (ii) weak spread effects
  - (iii) both strong backward effects and weak spread effects
  - (iv) None of the above

(Choose the correct one)

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(Continued)

- (h) An underdeveloped country possesses
  - (i) vast capital
  - (ii) unutilized natural and human resources
  - (iii) unutilized technical know-how
  - (iv) thin population

(Choose the correct one)

- Write short notes on any four of the  $4 \times 4 = 16$ following:
  - Vicious circle of poverty (a)
  - Domar model of economic growth (b)
  - Causes of underdevelopment (c)
  - GDP as indicator of development (d)
  - Government measures to tackle poverty (e) in India
- criteria for the Describe measurement of economic development. **3.** (a) Which method is the most suitable for a developing economy like India? 7+4=11

Or

- What is human development? Critically discuss Human Development Index as a (b) economic overall of measure 4+7=11 development.
- Explain the basic features of Indian economy as an underdeveloped economy. 4. (a)

### 14)

### Or

- Distinguish between absolute (b) relative and poverty. Also discuss magnitude of rural and urban poverty. the
- 4+8=125. (a) Discuss Harrod-Domar economic growth. How far is this model of
  - applicable in developing countries like

- 8+3=11 OrCritically discuss the Leibenstein theory (b) of critical minimum effort. 11 **6.** (a) Discuss briefly the Solow model. How is the Solow model an improvement over
- the Harrod-Domar model? 8+3=11 OrCritically discuss the Meade's model of (b)
- 7. (a) State and explain the Rostow's stages of economic growth. Is it applicable in 9+2=11 Or (b)

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- Discuss the role of State in economic
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